Cooperative Agreements



What is a Cooperative Agreement?

A legal instrument as described by 31 USC 63, the Federal Grant and Cooperative Agreement Act where <u>funds</u> (or a thing of value) are being <u>transferred to a partner</u>, where <u>substantial involvement</u> is expected between the Corps and the partner when carrying out the activities within the agreement.

Substantial involvement may include collaboration, participation, or intervention in the program or activity to be performed under the cooperative agreement.

These agreements must be executed by a certified grants officer.

Procedures for administering these agreements must comply with Department of Defense Directive 3210.06 (Defense Grant and Agreement Regulatory System (DGARS).



USACE Cooperative Agreements

Note: USACE authority for cooperative agreements related to the recreation and environmental stewardship is limited to specific types/purposes:

- Educational and training activities
- Research and development CESU
- Management of undesirable plants on Federal lands
- Fish, wildlife, water quality, cultural resource management with Indian Tribes





Overarching Authority for Cooperative Agreements - FGCA

41 USC 501, Federal Grant and Cooperative Agreement Act of 1977 (Amended by 31 USC 6301-08 Using Procurement Contracts and Grant and Cooperative Agreements)

- Requires federal agencies <u>characterize the relationship</u> between a federal and non-federal party as:
 - Procurement Contract or
 - Federal Financial Assistance

This act set forth requirements to use cooperative agreements and grants to transfer funds to non-Federal entities, but did not provide authority by itself to enter into an agreement. There must be specific authority for the type of work being done.

Federal Grant and Cooperative Agreement Act of 1977 (cont.)

31 USC 6301-08, Federal Grant and Cooperative Agreement Act of 1977 (Continued)

If authority is present => Must determine whether the proper instrument for the activity is a contract, cooperative agreement, or grant.

Contract: If the principle purpose is to provide something for the direct benefit or use of the Federal government

Assistance agreement (Cooperative agreement): If the purpose is to carry out a public purpose of support, or stimulate activities that are not for the direct benefit or use of the Federal government

Cooperative agreements should be used if <u>substantial involvement</u> between the agency and the other involved party is expected.

Noxious Weed Cooperative Agreements

7 USC 2814: Federal Noxious Weed Act of 1974 (Management of undesirable plants on Federal lands)

- Agreements with <u>State agencies</u> to establish integrated management systems to control or contain undesirable plant species
- The cooperative agreement will:
 - > prioritize and target undesirable plant species to be controlled
 - describe the integrated management system
 - > define the duties of the Federal agency and the State agency
 - establish a timeframe
- Integrated management system can include:
 - Education
 - Preventative measures
 - Physical or mechanical methods
 - Biological methods
 - Cultural methods
 - Land management such as livestock/wildlife grazing



Training and Education Cooperative Agreements

33 USC 2339, WRDA 2000, Section 213a: Assistance Programs

- To further <u>training</u> and <u>educational</u> opportunities about water resources development projects
- May enter into <u>cooperative agreements</u> with <u>non-Federal</u> public and <u>nonprofit</u> entities
- For services relating to natural resources conservation or recreation
 - Delegation of authority provided down from the Secretary of Army to ASA (CW), DCW, MSC Commanders, District Commanders in spring 2015
 - Allows district grants officers to enter into local cooperative agreements under this authority
 - Similar to a contract, but provides more flexibility in the scope of work that often results in more getting done than through a contract
 - Career pipeline to participants, more diversity of employees

National SCA Agreement

- National agreement administered by Fort Worth District. Student Conservation Association selected as recipient. Cooperative agreement signed January 31, 2016
- Started off with 6 pilot projects to test out the work order process.
- Now open for the rest of the country to submit requests. Webinars provided to explain process.
- USACE pays for crews and interns in a fee-for-service cost share, transferring funds via MIPR to SWF
- Corps provides training, equipment, on-the-job transportation, and housing (or \$ for housing)
- SCA provides round-trip travel and living allowance, liability/health insurance, AmeriCorps education awards

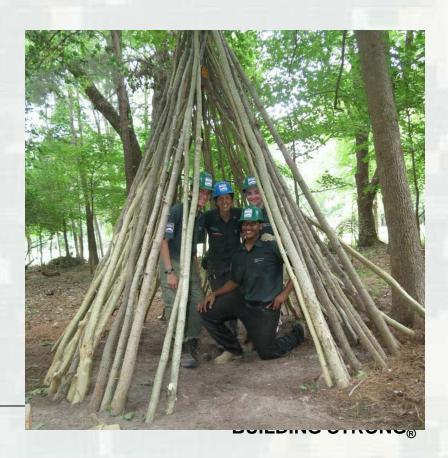




NC Youth Conservation Corps

- Regional agreement administered by Jacksonville District grants officer. Currently at Falls Lake, Jordan Lake, and Philpott Lake.
- Comprehensive youth development program using nature to teach:
 - Job and leadership skills
 - Community service
 - Environmental stewardship
 - Personal responsibility





















BUILDING STRONG®

Cooperative Agreements with Tribes

WRRDA 2014, Sec 1031(b), Cooperative Agreements with Indian Tribes

- Authorizes Indian Tribes or a designated representative of an Indian tribe to carry out authorized activities of the Corps of Engineers to protect fish, wildlife, water quality, and cultural resources.
- Agreements will allow Tribes to build economic capacity while working on infrastructure and natural and cultural resources of mutual interest with USACE, especially in Indian Country.
- Allows resource sharing on a Government-to-Government basis.
- District sets up MOA with each Tribe as the overarching agreement to establish purpose and procedural steps for the two governments
- Cooperative agreement to transfer funds for specific work
- Delegation memo from ASA to DCW June 9, 2016



Research and Development Cooperative Agreements – CESU Program

- A national network of federal agencies, universities, tribes, state/ local governments working together to provide technical, scientific, and educational support for natural/cultural resource management
- Organized in 17 geographic units with >377 partners

MOU between agencies. Specific projects set up through

cooperative agreements.

 Corps agreements coordinated by Al Confrancesco and Glenn Rhett through ERDC

- Host universities coordinate admin support and access to staff/students
- Projects for education, research, technical assistance



Cooperative Ecosystem Studies Units

- Facilitates collaboration across agencies/non-fed partners
- Provides a pathway for federal agencies to fund projects at partner institutions with defined overhead (17.5%) and cost-sharing
- Cooperative agreement can be issued for 5 years (using options)
- Examples of USACE work completed through CESU agreements
 - ► Coastal restoration of seagrass, saltmarsh and dune grass in Chesapeake Bay
 - ► Japanese Hops monitoring, control and management
 - ► Citizen science avian monitoring (helps to meet Level 1&2 inventory requirements)
 - ► Economic analysis of low water levels in Hartwell Lake
 - Web-based hunting permit program for Lavon Lake
 - Georeferencing and operational missions of Nova 2 UAS
- http://www.cesu.psu.edu/
- Procedures to initiate a CESU project on Gateway



Process to Initiate a Project with a CESU

- Identify a project and the appropriate CESU region must be a public benefit and clear R&D element
- 2. Prepare a statement of interest (SOI) (like a Scope of Work)
- 3. Transfer funds via MIPR to ERDC for processing by their grants officer. Typical admin costs = 6% of project cost
- Grants officer contacts CESU host university to post the SOI for a minimum of 10 days.
- 5. District technical POC reviews SOIs and prepares a Request for Full Proposal (RFP) to the selected recipient.
- 6. Technical evaluation
- 7. Award

Note: Average time to award is 2 – 4 months depending on ERDC workload and priorities





CESU Study Summaries

Great Lakes and Northern Forest

- Potential Effects of Aquatic Nuisance Species on the Behavior of Recreational Anglers, Boaters, and Beachgoers
- Net Benefits of Recreational Fishing, Beachgoing, and Boating in the Great Lakes, Upper Mississippi River, and Ohio River Basins: A Review of the Literature
- Net Benefits of Recreational Fishing in the Great Lakes, Upper Mississippi River, and Ohio River Basins
- o St. Marys River Coordinator and Working Group for the International Upper Great Lakes Study
- IUGLS Ecosystems Study Area Working Group: Investigating the Effects of Changes in Lake Level on Coastal Ecosystems

Great Rivers

- Support for the UMRS Navigation and Ecosystem Sustainability Program Science Panel
- Side Channels of the Impounded and Middle Mississippi River: Opportunities and Challenges to Maximize Restoration Potential
- Upper Mississippi River System Ecosystem Restoration Objectives 2009
- Genetic Analysis of the Federally Endangered Winged Mapleleaf Mussel to Aid Proposed Reintroduction Efforts
- Research to Determine Cultural Affiliation of NAGPRA Remains form Truman, Pomme de Terre, Stockton and Smithville Reservoirs in Missouri
- Partial Restoration of Natural Hydrology on the Upper Mississippi River System: An Adaptive Management Approach for Water Level Reductions

Gulf Coast

- Georeferencing Capabilities and Operational Missions of the Nova 2 Small Unmanned Aircraft System
- o Webbased Hunting Permit Program for Lavon Lake Office, Texas
- A Water and Sediment Budget for the Lower MississippiAtchafalaya River in Flood Years
 20082010: Implications for Sediment Discharge to the Oceans and Coastal Restoration in Louisiana
- Development of Riverware Model of the Rio Grande for Water Resources Management in the Paso

Cooperative Agreement Process

- Draft national SOP document in HQUSACE for review
- Collaborative process between Operations, Contracting (Grants Officer/Specialist), and Counsel from pre-award through closeout.
- Basic steps:
 - 1. Define need and goals/develop Scope of Work (OP/CT)
 - 2. Provide funding document PR&C and labor code (OP)
 - 3. Prepare cooperative agreement authorization document (CT)
 - 4. Conduct market research for eligible recipients to determine sole source or competitive opportunity (OP/CT)
 - 5. Define eligibility requirements and evaluation criteria (OP/CT)
 - 6. Develop funding opportunity announcement (OP/CT)
 - 7. Post FOA on Grants.gov for a minimum of 10 days (CT)
 - 8. Determine selection committee members (OP)



Cooperative Agreement Process

- 9. Selection committee review proposals: 30+ days (OP/CT)
- 10. Select recipient and conduct negotiations (OP/CT)
- 11. Create cooperative agreement document (OP/CT)
- 12. Notify recipient of award (CT)
- 13. Sign cooperative agreement document (CT)
- 14. Provide technical assistance to recipient (OP)
- 15. Conduct site visits and review progress reports (OP)
- 16. Maintain official CA documents in Paperless Contract File (CT)
- 17. Review and approve invoices (OP)
- 18. Review performance and financial reports (CT)
- 19. Issue modifications as necessary (OP/CT)
- 20. Review final performance report and close out (OP/CT)



Let's take a closer look at a Cooperative Agreement:

http://corpslakes.usace.army.mil/employees/coopagree/templates.cfm

COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT							
AGREEMENT NU	MBER: XXXXXX-XX-2-XXXX	EFFECTIVE DATE: XX Month XXXX					
ISSUED BY:		ISSUED TO:					
The United States of US Army Corps of Address City, State, Zip	of America Engineers, <i>District Name</i> District	[Recipient Name and Address]					
CONCERNING:							
AUTHORIZED BY:							
CFDA NUMBER:		DUNS NUMBER:					
RECIPIENT TYPE: Government Entity Non-Profit Organization Hospital University Other (specify):							
AMOUNT: \$	I	COST SHARE:					
PROJECT PERIOD:		BUDGET PERIOD:					
ADMINISTERED BY: District Grants Office Name, Phone, Email TABLE OF CONTENTS							
Section	Title	Section	<u>Title</u>				
1	Administrative Information	5	Property Management				
2	Programmatic Requirements	6	Claims, Disputes, and Appeals				
3	Term	7	Compliance with Laws				
4	Financial Matters	8	Indemnification				



NOTICE OF ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER (EFT): Pursuant to DGARS 22 810, it is a Governmentwide requirement to use EFT in the payment of any grant or cooperative agreement for which an application or proposal was submitted or renewed on or after 26 July 1996, unless the recipient has obtained a varieve by submitting to the head of the pertinent Federal agency a certification that it has

District Grants/ Agreements Officers

					Grants Officer		
Division	District	Point of Contact	Email	Phone	or Specialist		
LRD	LRB	Jeff Ernest	jeffrey.g.ernest@usace.army.mil	716-879-4173	Officer		
	LRC	None					
	LRE	None					
	LRH	Brandon Lewis Brandon.H.Lewis@usace.army.mil		304-399-5664	Officer		
	LRL	None					
	LRN	Jamie Davies	Jamie.Davies@usace.army.mil	615-736-7921	Specialist		
	LRP	None					
MVD	MVK						
	MVP	None					
	MVR						
	MVS						
NAD	NAB	Jeff May	Jeffrey.B.May@usace.army.mil	410-962-5617	Officer		
	NAE	None					
	NAP	None					
NWD	NWK	Hilary Winans	hilary.m.winans@usace.army.mil	816-389-3500	Officer		
	NWO	Doug Hadley	doug.e.hadley@usace.army.mil	402-995-2068	Officer		
		Leigh Ann Lucas	leigh.a.lucas@usace.army.mil	402-995-2086	Officer		
		Lee McCormick	lee.m.mccormick@usace.army.mil	402-995-2084	Officer		
		Stephanie Rostermundt	stephanie.a.rostermundt@usace.army.mil	402-995-2083	Officer		
	NWP	Anna Peine	anna.g.peine@usace.army.mil	503-808-4612	Officer		
		R. David Williams	roger.d.williams@usace.army.mil	206-764-3772	Officer		
	NWS	John Perez	john.m.perez@usace.army.mil	206-764-6693	Specialist		
		Monique Paano	monique.a.paano@usace.army.mil	206-764-6084	Specialist		
	NWW	Cam Allen	camilla.allen@usace.army.mil	509-527-7213	Officer		

District Grants/ Agreements Officers

POD	POA	Olen Northern	Olen.R.Northern@usace.army.mil	907-753-2525	Officer	
		Susan Salaj	Susan.Salaj2@usace.army.mil	907-753-5579	Specialist	
	POF	Nicholas Johnston	nicholas.i.johnston@usace.army.mil	315-721-6095	Officer	
	POH	None				
SAD	SAJ	Philip Mauldin	phlip.m.mauldin@usace.army.mil	904-232-1240	Officer	
	SAM	Sonya Rodgers	sonya.d.rodgers@usace.army.mil	251-441-5406	Officer	
	SAS	Kosha Jones	kosha.k.jones@usace.army.mil	912-652-5108	Officer	
	SAW	None				
SPD	SPA	Karen Irving	karen.k.irving@usace.army.mil	505-342-3356	Officer	
	SPK	None				
	SPL	Maria Cisneros	maria.p.cisneros@usace.army.mil	213-452-3242	Officer	
	SPN	None				
SWD	SWF/ SWG	Traci Robicheau	traci.d.robicheaux@usace.army.mil	409-766-6306	Officer	
		Maria Rodriguez	maria.e.rodriguez@usace.army.mil	409-766-6331	Officer	
		Robin Prince	robin.g.prince@usace.army.mil	817-886-1045	In training	
		Nicholas Aprea	Nicholas.a.aprea@usace.army.mil	817-886-1268	Specialist	
3440						
		Lucille Smith	lucille.r.smith@usace.army.mil	409-766-3045	Specialist	
	SWL	None				
	SWT	None				
ERDC	ERDC	Jeri McGuffie	jeri.h.mcguffie@usace.army.mil	601-634-3128	Officer	
		Darrel Johnson	darrel.l.johnson@usace.army.mil	601-634-2773	Officer	
		Robbie Beard	robbie.beard@usace.army.mil	601-634-3296	Officer	
		Peggy Partridge	peggy.partridge@usace.army.mil	601-634-2832	Officer	
		Chelsea Whitten	chelsea.m.whitten@usace.army.mil	601-634-4679	Officer	
		Deannda Sontag	deannda.s.sontag@usace.army.mil	601-634-4842	Officer	
Updated August 2016						

Resources: NRM Gateway

http://corpslakes.usace.army.mil/employees/coopagree/coopagree.cfm



Tas CARRETATIVE Agreement

Natural Resources Management Gateway to the future . . .

Visitors Lake Discovery Recreation Env Compliance Env Stewardship News/Events People Forums Learning **GETS** Tools New Postings Submit Index/Search

Cooperative Agreement

Headquarters POC

The Federal Grant and Cooperative Agreement Act of 1977 (FGCAA) sets forth the requirements for using cooperative agreements and grants to transfer funds to non-federal entities. However, use of cooperative agreements must be specifically authorized, and the FGCAA does not provide such authority. There is no general authority for the Corps to use cooperative agreements.

A cooperative agreement is a legal instrument as described by 31 USC 63, the Federal Grant and Cooperative Agreement Act where funds are being transferred to a partner, which is used to enter into the same kind of relationship as a grant, except that substantial involvement is expected between the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and the partner when carrying out the activities within the agreement. Substantial involvement may include collaboration, participation, or intervention in the program or activity to be performed under the cooperative agreement. These agreements must be executed by a certified grants officer. Procedures for administering these agreements must comply with Department of Defense Directive 3210.06 (Defense Grant and Agreement Regulatory System (DGARS).

USACE authority for cooperative agreements is limited to the following specific types/purposes:

- · Management of Undesirable Plants
- · Educational and training activities
- · Research and development
- · Agreements with Indian Tribes
- Cooperative Ecosystem Studies Units (CESU)
 - Policy & Procedures
 - Authorized Cooperative Agreement Types
 - Cooperative Agreement Forms and Templates

- News / Current Issues
- Existing Cooperative Agreements
- District Grants and Agreements Officers



Questions?



